



APPENDIX F

1.1. KEY FEATURES

PROJECT STATUS DESCRIPTION

To determine a particular project's progress within the CIP, a status is assigned to each project within the CIP. The project status designation provides a high-level understanding of the progress. Projects are often divided into multiple phases or categories based upon the contract type. As such, each phase of a multi-phase project will have its own status and contract number. Descriptions of each status are provided in Table 1 below. Projects that have been newly introduced into the CIP this year have been designed as "New to the CIP" based upon a checkmark within the Business Case Evaluation.

Table 1. Project Status Descriptions

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Project Status	Description			
Active - Pre- Procurement - Construction	The RFB (and other supporting documents) are in development.			
Active - Pre- Procurement - Design	The RFP (and other supporting documents) are in development.			
Active - Procurement - Board Approved - Construction	The negotiated terms and conditions with the successful bidder have gone to the board and been approved but a contract has not yet been executed.			
Active - Procurement - Board Approved - Design	The negotiated terms and conditions with the successful bidder have gone to the board and been approved but a contract has not yet been executed.			
Active - Procurement - Construction	An RFB (and other required documentation) have been submitted to the Procurement group for solicitation of proposals.			
Active - Procurement - Design	An RFP (and other required documentation) have been submitted to the Procurement group for solicitation of proposals.			
Active - Procurement - Negotiation Phase - Construction	The lowest responsible bidder for contract labor services has been notified to begin negotiations.			

Project Status	Description
Active - Procurement - Negotiation Phase - Design	The highest responsible scored bidder for professional services has been notified to begin negotiations.
Cancelled	Project that has been completely cancelled and removed from the CIP.
Closed	Project that has been officially completed.
Future Planned - Beyond Ten Years	Future Planned - Beyond Ten Years
Future Planned - Ten Year CIP	Project Pushed out to years 6-10
Future Planned - Within Five Year Plan	Project that was included in the previous CIP and does not have an assigned BS and A Project Number.
Project Execution - Construction	There is a fully executed contract for the active phase
Project Execution - Design	There is a fully executed contract for the active phase
Project Execution - Pending Closeout	A Project that has an assigned BS and A Project Number, a Notice to Start Work has been issued, has projected expenditures for the current fiscal year equal to \$100,000 or less - with no future projected expenditures and has reached substantial completion.
Reclassified	Project that has been merged into the scope of work of an existing project.

PHASE CATEGORIES

Projects are broken up into several phases related to how the project will be delivered and managed. Categories may be grouped to align with work to be performed within each individual phase. Individual categories are identified and named below. Several categories may exist for each phase In this case, the assumption is the same vendor, under one contract, will be performing multiple categories of the overall project. The current project categories are identified below.

- S Study
- D Design

- C Construction
- CA Construction Assistance
- DB Design and Build
- DBA Design Build Assistance
- CM Construction Management
- PM Project Management
- TBD To Be Determined

CIP TYPES

CIP types are necessary to distinguish the differences in intent of how a CIP item is to be used. This CIP contains two primary CIP types: Projects and Programs. A typical project that has a specific scope and timeframe is considered a project. Whereas programs do not have specifically developed scopes and typically extend over many years. Last year there was an additional CIP type,. **Table 2** defines each CI

1.2 REPORT FORMAT

The FY 25-29 CIP format maintains the consistent layout of the FY 23-27 CIP document.

VARYING DEGREES OF PROJECT DETAIL

Within the document, projects and programs are portrayed in varying degrees of detail that should meet the needs of most readers. Projects can be viewed in the basic line item format that provides general information about the project and the projected expenditures. Within this format, projects have been rolled up by their major category of Water, Wastewater and Centralized Services, and

totals are provided. Projects have also been identified separately within each category to provide the reader more information on the type and amount of each project within a specific service area. One-page summaries of each project gives the reader more detail of the project phases, purpose, scope of work and potential challenges. Finally, for greater detail on each project, the BCE documents are provided in Appendix A, B and C.

Table 2. CIP Types

Project Type	Description
Project	A "Project" consists of the replacement and/or rehabilitation of specific capital assets within a finite timeframe and scope.
Program	A "Program" consists of the replacement and/or rehabilitation of specific capital assets on an ongoing or reoccurring basis. The program scope and/or projected expenses may vary from year-to-year depending on the needs identified within the program and as newly established programs develop consistent schedules, requirements, and history over time. Although not typically identified in the CIP future years projected expenses, these programs will typically be funded in perpetuity.

REVISED PROJECT CATEGORIES & NUMBERING

The revised categorization methodology and numbering and sequencing of CIP projects and programs introduced in the FY 23-27 CIP is continued in the FY 25-29 CIP. The project characterization is extremely beneficial to align CIP project budgets by managing business area cost centers. In addition, these directly align with costs centers in the operating

Note: newly established programs develop consistent schedules, requirements and history over time. Although not typically identified in the CIP future years projected expenses, these programs will typically be funded in perpetuity.

budget within GLWA's financial system.

As in the FY 23-27 CIP, projects within programs are assigned a CIP number within that program This is required within the BS&A Financial system to accurately track and report expenses incurred. In the FY 25-29 CIP, these project "carve outs" are identified as individual projects under the programs.

This numbering is based on the "smart" numbering system as identified In **Table 3** on the following page.

GENERAL PURPOSE

The General Purpose category within Project Category 2 and Project Category 3 in Table 3 are necessary to identify projects that cross over multiple project categories. Projects that are not specifically attributed to oneparticular area will be identified here.

PROGRAMS

Programs consist of the replacement and/ or rehabilitation of specific capital asset(s) on an ongoing or reoccurring basis. The program scope and/or projected expenses may vary from year-to-year, depending on the needs identified within the program. Although not typically identified in the CIP future years projected expenses, these programs will typically be funded in perpetuity. The numbering structure of the "Program" category is slightly different to allow up to 99 separate projects to be attributable to each program. These projects identified under a parent program will be issued a CIP number and will be identified as a project under the parent program.

Table 3. Capital Project/General Ledger Account Numbering Protocol - Six Numeric Digits (4th Segment of GL String)

Digit 1	Digit 1 + Digit 2	Digit 1 + Digit 2 + Digit 3 (+ Digit 4)	Digits 4-6 / Digits 5-6 Number 000-999 / Number 00-99	
Project Category 1	Project Category 2	Project Category 3		
1XX-Water	11X - Water Treatment Plants & Facilities	111 - Lake Huron		
1XX-Water		112 - Northeast		
1XX-Water		113 - Southwest		
1XX-Water		114 - Springwells		
1XX-Water		115 - Water Works Park		
1XX-Water		116 - General Purpose		
1XX-Water	12X - Field Services	121 - General Purpose		
1XX-Water		122 - Transmission System		
1XX-Water	13X - Systems Control Center	131 - General Purpose		
1XX-Water		132 - Pump Stations & Reservoirs		
1XX-Water	14X - Water Quality	141 - General Purpose		
1XX-Water	15X - Metering	151 - General Purpose		
1XX-Water	16X - General Purpose	161 - General Purpose		
1XX-Water	17X - Programs	1701 - Programs		
2XX - Wastewater	21X - Water Resource Recovery Facility	211 - Primary Treatment		
		212 - Secondary Treatment & Disinfection		
		213 - Residuals Management		
		214 - Industrial Waste Control		
		215 - CSO RTB & SDF		
		216 - General Purpose		
	22X - Field Services	221 - General Purpose		
		222 - Interceptor		
	23X - Systems Control Center	231 - General Purpose		
		232 - Pump Stations		
		233 - In System Devices (Dams, ISD's)		
	24X - Metering	241 - General Purpose		
	25X - General Purpose	251 - General Purpose		



	(+ Digit 4)	Digits 4-6 / Digits 5-6	
Project Category 2	Project Category 3	Number 000-999 / Number 00-99	
26X - Programs	2601 - Programs		
27X – CSO Facilities	270 - Multiple CSO facilities		
	271 - Puritan Fenkell		
	272 - Seven Mile		
	273 - Hubbell Southfield		
	274 - Leib		
	275 - St. Aubin		
	276 - Conner Creek		
	277 - Baby Creek		
	278 - Oakwood		
	279 - Belle Isle		
31X - Information Technology	311 - General Purpose		
	312 - Service Desk		
	313 - Infrastructure		
	314 - Enterprise Applications		
	315 - Business Applications		
	316 - Security		
	317 - Project Management Office		
32X - Fleet	321 - General Purpose		
33X - Facilities	331 - General Purpose		
34X - Security	341 - General Purpose		
35X - Energy Management	351 - General Purpose		
36X - Engineering	361 - General Purpose		
37X - General Purpose	371 - General Purpose		
38X - Programs	3801 - Programs		
	26X - Programs 27X - CSO Facilities 31X - Information Technology 32X - Fleet 33X - Facilities 34X - Security 35X - Energy Management 36X - Engineering 37X - General Purpose	26X - Programs 2601 - Programs 27X - CSO Facilities 270 - Multiple CSO facilities 271 - Puritan Fenkell 272 - Seven Mile 273 - Hubbell Southfield 274 - Leib 274 - Leib 275 - St. Aubin 276 - Conner Creek 277 - Baby Creek 278 - Oakwood 279 - Belle Isle 31X - Information Technology 311 - General Purpose 313 - Infrastructure 314 - Enterprise Applications 315 - Business Applications 315 - Business Applications 316 - Security 317 - Project Management Office 32X - Fleet 321 - General Purpose 33X - Facilities 331 - General Purpose 34X - Security 341 - General Purpose 35X - Energy Management 351 - General Purpose 36X - Engineering 361 - General Purpose 37X - General Purpose 371 - General Purpose	

CIP AND BUSINESS UNIT OVERVIEW

To understand the full extent of the Water and Wastewater Systems under the responsibility of GLWA, sections are included to provide an overview of the services provided and infrastructure maintained within each category. While the information is not all-inclusive, it does contain a substantial amount of reference information that will help the reader familiarize themselves with the capital assets and responsibilities of each business unit. As the CIP document evolves annually, these sections will be continuously updated to provide a great source of reference material related to the GLWA infrastructure.

PROJECT RISK MATRIX

Project risks are identified specifically related to their Probability of Failure (PoF) and Consequence of Failure (CoF) and portrayed on an overall Risk Matrix. The overall criteria remain unchanged, however, to show each project on the risk matrix, the eight criteria used in the project prioritization framework are designated as either a PoF or CoF primary risk driver. The designation of PoF and CoF to each criterion as primary risk driver is shown in **Table 4**.

After each criterion is scored for each project, the weighted PoF and CoF factors have been calculated. This provides a 1 to 5 vertical axis value for probability of failure and a 1 to 5 horizontal axis value for the consequence of failure. This point is plotted with the other projects to show its relative position compared to others within the matrix. A sample of the matrix is shown in **Figure 1**.

This provides the varying audiences additional information related to the overall project risk as it relates to its consequence and probability of failure.

Table 4. Risk Criteria

No.	Weight	Criteria
1	12%	Condition
2	15%	Performance (Service Level/ Reliability)
3	18%	Regulatory (Environmental/Legal)
4	11%	O&M
5	18%	Health and Safety
6	8%	Public Benefit
7	10%	Financial
8	8%	Efficiency and Innovation

RISK MATRIX

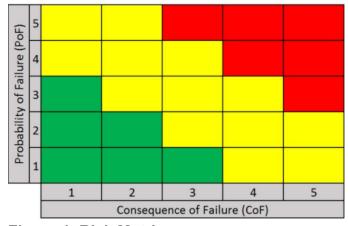


Figure 1. Risk Matrix

COST ESTIMATION CLASSIFICATIONS

This cost estimate rating gives the reader an idea of whether the cost estimate is a ballpark-level estimate, generally for work projected in the out years, or a higher-confidence estimate, such as for work projected to start sooner or already under contract.

GLWA has adopted the American Association of Cost Engineering (AACE) International system for classifying cost estimates. This standardized method for classifying project phases will be very beneficial in managing expectations related to the accuracy of the associated procurement contracts.

Table 5. AACE Cost Estimate Classes

Estimate Class	Project Definition	End Usage	Method	Average Expected Range	Accuracy
Class 5	0% to 2%	Screening or feasibility	Judgement, trend analysis, parametric	120%	-60%
Class 4	1% to 5%	Concept study or feasibility	More parametric, expert opinion, trend analysis	85%	-43%
Class 3	10% to 40%	Budget authorization or control	Combinations (detailed, unit cost, activity-based + class 4 & 5 methods	40%	-20%
Class 2	30% to 70%	Control or bid/tender	Primarily deterministic	20%	-10%
Class 1	50% to 100%	Check estimate or bid/ tender	Deterministic	10%	-5%

INNOVATION, MASTER PLAN, REDUNDANCY & NE WTP RELATED PROJECTS

Several areas of interest have been identified and can be seen in Chapter 2 These areas are:

- Innovation: Projects that may have a possibility at utilizing an innovative solution or process.
- Master Plan: Projects that have incorporated the 2015 Water Master Plan recommendations to "Right-Size" infrastructure to allow for future capital cost avoidance by derating the water supply system.
- Redundancy: Projects that have a direct impact to improving system redundancy.
- NE WTP Repurposing: Projects necessary to meet the 2015 Water Master Plan recommendations to repurpose the Northeast Water Treatment Plant to allow for future capital cost avoidance.

PROGRAM PROJECTS

Projects that were performed under programs were identified by the CIP group and issued a CIP number. These projects have been derived from the outcome of their parent program. The CIP number associated with these projects is numerically relevant to the parent CIP number. To better portray this relationship in the CIP, these projects are identified as projects under the parent CIP program.

PROJECT YEAR-TO-YEAR COMPARISON

To compare a project's projected expenses from one year to the next, comparison tables have been included in each project summary and BCE. This also allows the reader to identify how the project schedule may have changed from year-to-year. Project Managers' and Engineers' description of the change is typically also included at the project level.

Total Project Expenses (in \$1,000s) Comparison to Prior Year CIP

CIP Version	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Tota
2018			1,000	3,000	1,600				0	5,60
2019	0		251	3,919	1,187	0	0	0	0	5,35

Description of CIP Changes - moved construction start to FY2019, added GLWA costs, changed project delivery from DBB to DB

PROJECT SCHEDULE

A significant benefit for stakeholders associated with GLWA's CIP process is related to the information provided for project scheduling. Starting with the 2019 CIP, most projects have been scheduled to show the high-level tasks of Scope Development, Procurement, Project Execution and Project Closeout. This information is beneficial to GLWA's Procurement Group to determine overall procurement needs and resources, as well as, for the engineering work areas to manage project delivery. Finally, this schedule provides the vendor community with an estimate of timing related to projects they may be interested in pursuing.

Phase Tasks and Dates

Phase Category	DB	Design and Build			
Budget Water		Vater Task Name		Duration	End Date
Phase Status	Future Planned Start	Scope Development	1/22/2018	100	5/2/2018
	ratare mannea start	Procurement	7/1/2018	220	2/6/2019
Contract No	NA	Project Execution	2/6/2019	750	2/25/2021
Cost Est Class		Project Closeout	2/25/2021	90	5/26/2021