

Public Sector Consultants





## **Executive Summary**

- As expected, overall inflation and cost pressures are more stable this year than in 2022
  - Inflation rose from 2% pre-pandemic, to nearly 7% last year, and is currently running around 4%.
  - The decline from 7% to 4% was mostly driven by reverses in food, oil, and supply bottlenecks.
  - Moving from the 4% inflation to the Federal Reserve target of 2% will be much harder
- Inflation forecast suggests slightly lower annual inflation rate than last report
  - Jun. 2023: Forecast projects 2023 12-month inflation at 4.2%
  - Current (August 2023): Forecast projects 2023 12-month inflation at 3.6% with updated data
    - Bank failures have created some uncertainty in markets and in the broader economy
    - Nationally, risk for a recession remains elevated
    - Low unemployment, combined with inflation, are continuing to put pressure on construction industries
    - Construction bids in SE MI are high and likely to remain high in 2023
      - These prices typically escalate quickly can be slow to come down
- Material prices are up from last spring, but not at the rate seen during the spike in 2020-2021
  - Price increases for core GLWA materials appear to have slowed but rising faster than overall inflation and remain high



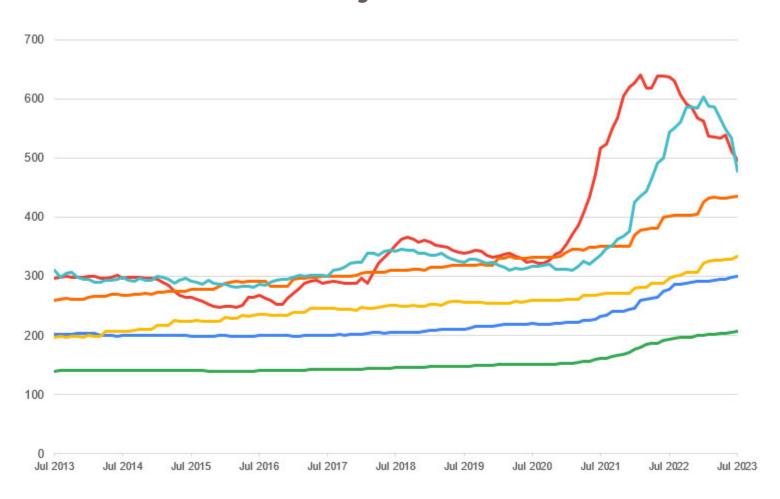
### **Construction Materials: Producer Price Index**





\*Note the different vertical axis for 1YR

# **Priority Materials: Producer Prices**

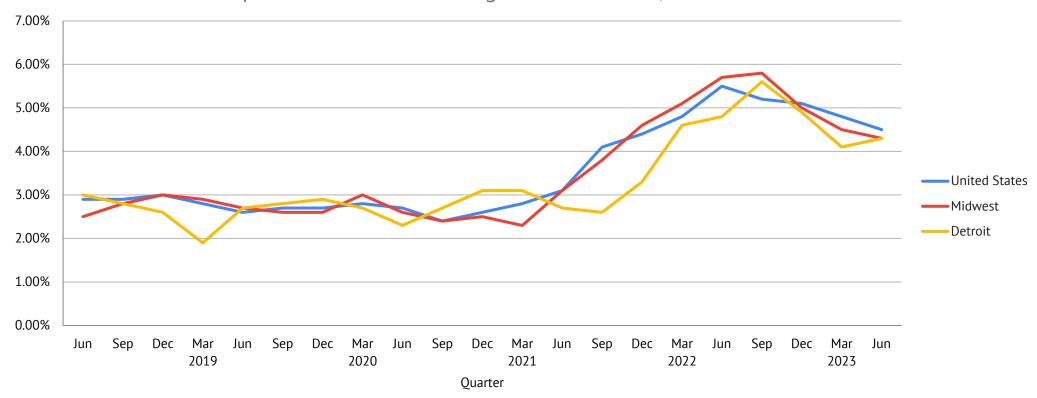


Percent Change	10YR	5YR	1YR
Iron and Steel Pipes and Tubes	67%	41%	-22%
Chlorine	54%	39%	-12%
Aggregates	68%	40%	8%
Cement	69%	34%	13%
Electrical Switch Gear/Board	49%	46%	8%
Elect Equipment	47%	42%	7%



## **Wages: Total Compensation**

Total Compensation Percent Change: United States, Midwest and Detroit





Source: Employment Cost Index, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)

#### Southeast Michigan Inflation Forecast (Update)

